

University of South Carolina Aiken

Benchmark Comparisons August 2010

Effect Sizea

Effect size indicates the

mean difference. It is

mean difference by the pooled standard deviation. In

practical significance of the

calculated by dividing the

often considered small. .5

moderate, and .8 large. A positive sign indicates that

greater, thus showing an

affirmative result for the institution. A negative sign

your institution's mean was

indicates the institution lags

suggesting that the student behavior or institutional

practice represented by the

item may warrant attention.

behind the comparison group,

practice, an effect size of .2 is



Interpreting the Benchmark Comparisons Report

To focus discussions about the importance of student engagement and to guide institutional improvement efforts, NSSE created five Benchmarks of Effective Educational Practice: Level of Academic Challenge, Active and Collaborative Learning, Student-Faculty Interaction, Enriching Educational Experiences, and Supportive Campus Environment. This Benchmark Comparisons Report compares the performance of your institution with your selected peers or consortium. In addition, page 9 provides two other comparisons between your school and (a) above-average institutions with benchmarks in the top 50% of all NSSE institutions and (b) high-performing institutions with benchmarks in the top 10% of all NSSE institutions. These displays allow you to determine if the engagement of your typical student differs in a statistically significant, meaningful way from the average student in these comparison groups. They also provide more insight into how the student experience varies on your campus and in comparison groups. Additional details regarding how benchmarks are created can be found on the NSSE Web site.

nsse.iub.edu/links/institutional_reporting

Class and Sample

Means are reported for first-year students and seniors. Institution-reported class levels are used. All randomly selected students are included in these analyses. Students in targeted or locally administered oversamples are not included.

Mean

scores.

Statistical Significance

Benchmarks with mean differences that are larger than would be expected by chance alone are noted with one, two, or three asterisks, denoting one of three significance levels (p<.05, p<.01, and p<.001). The smaller the significance level, the smaller the likelihood that the difference is due to chance. Please note that statistical significance does not guarantee that the result is substantive or important. Large sample sizes (as with the NSSE project) tend to produce more statistically significant results even though the magnitude of mean differences may be inconsequential. Consult effect sizes to judge the practical meaning of the results.

Benchmark Description & Survey Items

The mean is the weighted

arithmetic average of the student level benchmark

A description of the benchmark and the individual items used in its creation is provided.

Box and Whiskers Charts

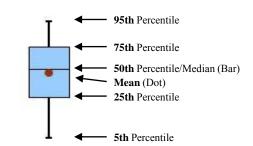
A visual display of first-year and senior benchmark score dispersion for your institution and your selected comparison or consortium groups.

percentile scores. The dots hows the benchmark mean. See page 2 for an illustration. See pages 10 and 11 for percentile values. Level of Academic Challenge (LAC) Items Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiste quality. Colleges and universities promote high leve

- Preparing for class (studying, reading, writing, doing homework or lab work, etc. related to acc
 Number of assigned textbooks, books, or book-length packs of course readings
- Number of written papers or reports of <u>tower than 5 pages</u>;
 number of written papers or reports of <u>fewer than 5 pages</u>;
 Coursework emphasizes: Analysis of the basic elements of an idea, experience or theory.
- and relationships
 Coursework emphasizes: Making of judgments about the value of information, arguments, or methods
- Coursework emphasizes: Making of judgments about the value of information, arguments, or method
 Coursework emphasizes: Applying theories or concepts to practical problems or in new situations
- Working harder than you thought you could to meet an instructor's standards or expectations
 Campus environment emphasizes: Spending significant amount of time studying and on academic working the studying academic working acade

Box and Whiskers Key

A box and whiskers chart is a concise way to summarize the variation of student benchmark scores. This display compares the distribution of scores at your institution, in percentile terms, with that of your comparison groups. The ends of the whiskers show the 5th and 95th percentile scores, while the box is bounded by the 25th and 75th percentiles. The bar inside the box indicates the median score, and the dot shows the mean score.



^a See Contextualizing NSSE Effect Sizes at nsse.iub.edu/pdf/effect size guide.pdf for additional information.



Level of Academic Challenge (LAC)

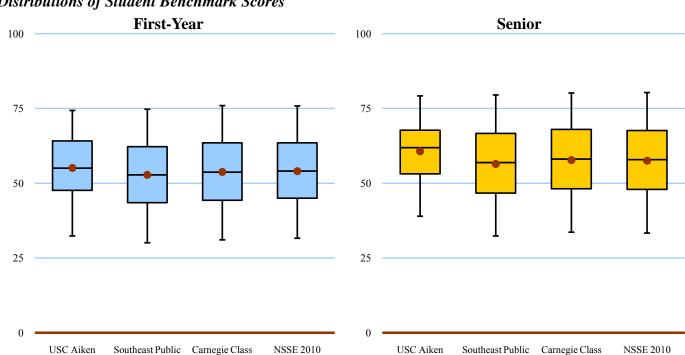
Mean Comparisons

University of South Carolina Aiken compared with:

	USC Aiken	South	neast Pu	ıblic	Carne	egie Class	S	NSSE 2010		
				Effect			Effect			Effect
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c
First-Year	55.1	52.8	**	.17	53.8		.10	54.1		.08
Senior	60.7	56.5	***	.29	57.7	***	.21	57.5	***	.22

^a Weighted by gender and enrollment status (and by institution size for comparison groups).

Distributions of Student Benchmark Scores



Note: Each box and whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot shows the benchmark mean. See page 2 for an illustration. See pages 10 and 11 for percentile values.

Level of Academic Challenge (LAC) Items

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote high levels of student achievement by emphasizing the importance of academic effort and setting high expectations for student performance.

Hours spent preparing for class (studying, reading, writing, doing homework or lab work, etc. related to academic program)

Number of assigned textbooks, books, or book-length packs of course readings

Number of written papers or reports of 20 pages or more, between 5 and 19 pages, and fewer than 5 pages

Coursework emphasizes: Analysis of the basic elements of an idea, experience or theory

Coursework emphasizes: **Synthesis** and organizing of ideas, information, or experiences into new, more complex interpretations and relationships

Coursework emphasizes: Making of judgments about the value of information, arguments, or methods

Coursework emphasizes: Applying theories or concepts to practical problems or in new situations

Working harder than you thought you could to meet an instructor's standards or expectations

Campus environment emphasizes: Spending significant amount of time studying and on academic work

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL)

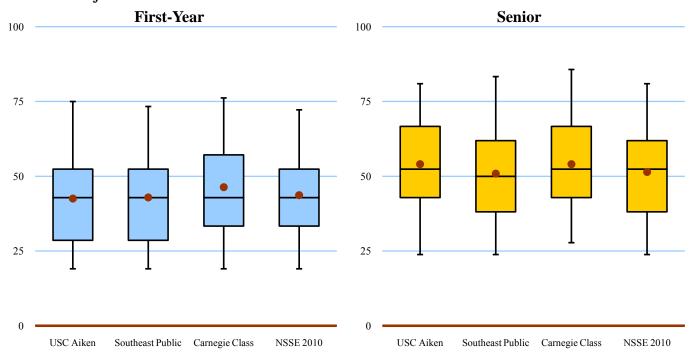
Mean Comparisons

University of South Carolina Aiken compared with:

	USC Aiken	South	east P	ublic	Carne	egie Clas	S	NSSE 2010		
				Effect		O	Effect			Effect
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c
First-Year	42.5	42.9		02	46.3	***	22	43.7		07
Senior	54.0	50.9	**	.17	54.1		.00	51.4	*	.15

^a Weighted by gender and enrollment status (and by institution size for comparison groups).

Distributions of Student Benchmark Scores



Note: Each box and whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot shows the benchmark mean. See page 2 for an illustration. See pages 10 and 11 for percentile values.

Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL) Items

Students learn more when they are intensely involved in their education and asked to think about what they are learning in different settings. Collaborating with others in solving problems or mastering difficult material prepares students for the messy, unscripted problems they will encounter daily during and after college.

Asked questions in class or contributed to class discussions

Made a class presentation

Worked with other students on projects during class

Worked with classmates outside of class to prepare class assignments

Tutored or taught other students (paid or voluntary)

Participated in a community-based project (e.g., service learning) as part of a regular course

Discussed ideas from your readings or classes with others outside of class (students, family members, co-workers, etc.)

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

Student-Faculty Interaction (SFI)

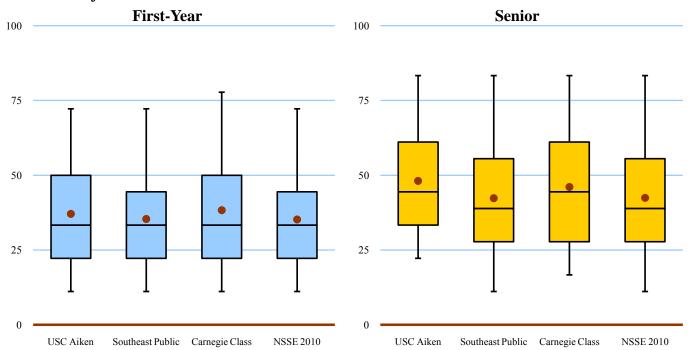
Mean Comparisons

University of South Carolina Aiken compared with:

	USC Aiken	Southeas	st Public	Carne	egie Clas	S	NSSE 2010			
			Effect		O	Effect			Effect	
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a Si	ig ^b Size ^c	Mean a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	
First-Year	37.1	35.4	.09	38.3		06	35.2		.10	
Senior	48.1	42.3 *	** .27	46.1		.10	42.4	***	.27	

^a Weighted by gender and enrollment status (and by institution size for comparison groups).

Distributions of Student Benchmark Scores



Note: Each box and whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot shows the benchmark mean. See page 2 for an illustration. See pages 10 and 11 for percentile values.

Student-Faculty Interaction (SFI) Items

Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve practical problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside the classroom. As a result, their teachers become role models, mentors, and guides for continuous, life-long learning.

Discussed grades or assignments with an instructor

Talked about career plans with a faculty member or advisor

Discussed ideas from your readings or classes with faculty members outside of class

Worked with faculty members on activities other than coursework (committees, orientation, student-life activities, etc.)

Received prompt written or oral feedback from faculty on your academic performance

Worked on a research project with a faculty member outside of course or program requirements

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Enriching Educational Experiences (EEE)

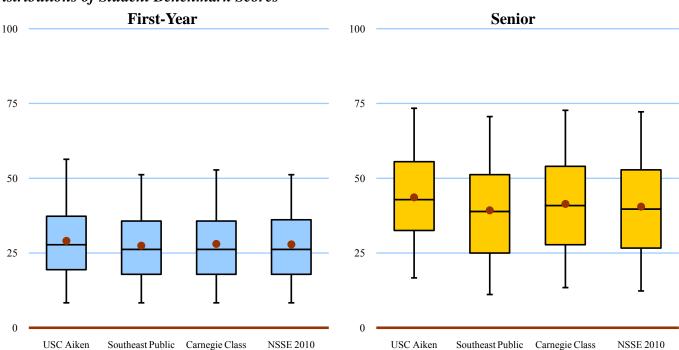
Mean Comparisons

University of South Carolina Aiken compared with:

	USC Aiken	Souther	ast Pub	lic	Carne	gie Class	S	NSSE 2010		
				Effect		O	Effect			Effect
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c
First-Year	29.1	27.5		.12	28.0		.07	27.9		.09
Senior	43.6	39.3	***	.24	41.4		.12	40.5	**	.17

^a Weighted by gender and enrollment status (and by institution size for comparison groups).

Distributions of Student Benchmark Scores



Note: Each box and whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot shows the benchmark mean. See page 2 for an illustration. See pages 10 and 11 for percentile values.

Enriching Educational Experiences (EEE) Items

Complementary learning opportunities enhance academic programs. Diversity experiences teach students valuable things about themselves and others. Technology facilitates collaboration between peers and instructors. Internships, community service, and senior capstone courses provide opportunities to integrate and apply knowledge.

Hours spent participating in co-curricular activities (organizations, campus publications, student gov., social fraternity or sorority, etc.)

Practicum, internship, field experience, co-op experience, or clinical assignment

Community service or volunteer work

Foreign language coursework and study abroad

Independent study or self-designed major

Culminating senior experience (capstone course, senior project or thesis, comprehensive exam, etc.)

Serious conversations with students of different religious beliefs, political opinions, or personal values

Serious conversations with students of a different race or ethnicity than your own

Using electronic medium (e.g., listsery, chat group, Internet, instant messaging, etc.) to discuss or complete an assignment

Campus environment encouraging contact among students from different economic, social, and racial or ethnic backgrounds

Participate in a learning community or some other formal program where groups of students take two or more classes together

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Supportive Campus Environment (SCE)

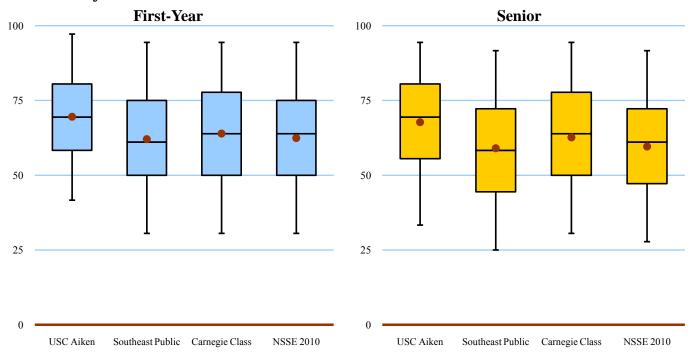
Mean Comparisons

University of South Carolina Aiken compared with:

	USC Aiken	Southeast Public			Carne	egie Class	S	NSSE 2010		
				Effect		O	Effect			Effect
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c
First-Year	69.6	62.1	***	.39	64.0	***	.29	62.5	***	.38
Senior	67.8	59.0	***	.44	62.6	***	.26	59.6	***	.42

^a Weighted by gender and enrollment status (and by institution size for comparison groups).

Distributions of Student Benchmark Scores



Note: Each box and whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot shows the benchmark mean. See page 2 for an illustration. See pages 10 and 11 for percentile values.

Supportive Campus Environment (SCE) Items

Students perform better and are more satisfied at colleges that are committed to their success and cultivate positive working and social relations among different groups on campus.

Campus environment provides the support you need to help you succeed academically

Campus environment helps you cope with your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)

Campus environment provides the support you need to thrive socially

Quality of relationships with other students

Quality of relationships with faculty members

Quality of relationships with administrative personnel and offices

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



NSSE 2010 Benchmark Comparisons With Highly Engaging Institutions

Interpreting the Top 10% and Top 50% Comparisons

This section of the NSSE Benchmark Comparisons report allows you to estimate the performance of your average student in relation to the average student attending two different institutional peer groups identified by NSSE for their high levels of student engagement: (a) institutions with benchmark scores placing them in the top 50% of all NSSE schools in 2010 and (b) institutions with benchmark scores in the top 10% for 2010.^a These comparisons allow an institution to determine if the engagement of their students differs in significant, meaningful ways from students in these high performing peer groups.

Example

	State Mean LAC 57.1 ACL 50.3				NSSEville Sta	te compared w	rith			
		NSSEville State		NSSE Top 5			NSSE 2010 Top 10%			
		Mean	Mean	Sig	Effect size	Mean	Sig	Effect size		
•	LAC	57.1	55.8	*	.10	60.5	***	-0.28		
ear	ACL	50.3	45.8	***	.28	50.7		-0.02		
t-Y	SFI	37.3	37.2		.01	42.0	***	-0.24		
First-Y	EEE	21.8	30.0	***	63	34.4	***	-0.98		
—	SCE	60.9	64.7	***	21	69.7	***	-0.49		

Based on the example above NSSEville State CAN conclude...

- ◆ The average score for NSSEville State first-year students is slightly above (i.e., small positive effect size) that of the average student attending NSSE 2010 schools that scored in the top 50% on Level of Academic Challenge (LAC).
- The average NSSEville State first-year student is as engaged (i.e., not significantly different) as the average student attending NSSE 2010 schools that scored in the top 10% on Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL).
- It is *likely* that NSSEville State is in the top 50% of all NSSE 2010 schools for first-year students on Level of Academic Challenge (LAC) and Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL).^a

Based on the example above NSSEville State CANNOT concludea...

- NSSEville State is in the top half of all schools on the Student-Faculty Interaction (SFI) benchmark for first-year students.
- NSSEville State is a "top ten percent" institution on Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL) for first-year students.

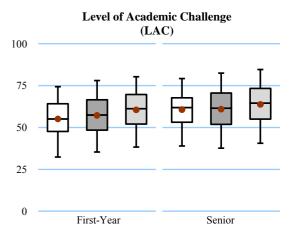
Additional information regarding the Top 50% and Top 10% section of the benchmark report can be found on the NSSE Web site. **nsse.iub.edu/links/institutional_reporting**

^a Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each benchmark, separately for first-year and senior students. Using this method, benchmark scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors are adjusted substantially toward the grand mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors receive smaller corrections. Thus, schools with less stable data, though they may have high scores, may not be identified among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release individual school results and our policy against the ranking of institutions.



NSSE 2010 Benchmark Comparisons With Highly Engaging Institutions University of South Carolina Aiken

					USC Aiken co.	mpared wi	th	
		USC Aiken		NSSE 2 Top 50			NSSE 2 Top 10	
		Mean ^a	Mean ^a	Sig b	Effect size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Effect size c
	LAC	55.1	57.2	**	16	60.5	***	42
ear	ACL	42.5	48.1	***	33	52.2	***	55
First-Year	SFI	37.1	39.9	*	14	44.1	***	33
Firs	EEE	29.1	31.1	*	15	33.6	***	33
	SCE	69.6	67.2	*	.13	70.8		07
	LAC	60.7	60.9		02	63.8	***	23
ŗ	ACL	54.0	56.6	*	15	60.3	***	35
Senior	SFI	48.1	49.2		05	55.3	***	33
Š	EEE	43.6	47.7	***	23	55.8	***	71
	SCE	67.8	64.7	*	.16	68.6		04

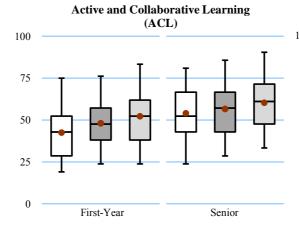


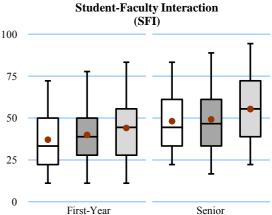
Legend

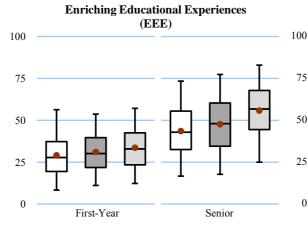
USC Aiken
Top 50%

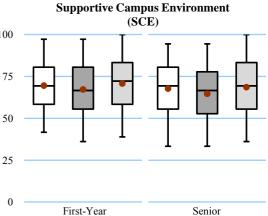
☐ Top 10%

This display compares your students with those attending schools that scored in the top 50% and top 10% of all NSSE 2010 institutions on a particular benchmark.









Note: Each box and whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot shows the benchmark mean. See page 2 for an illustration. See pages 10 and 11 for percentile values.

^a Weighted by gender and enroll. status (and by inst. size for comp. groups).

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean diff. divided by the pooled standard dev.



NSSE 2010 Benchmark Comparisons Detailed Statistics and Effect Sizes ^a University of South Carolina Aiken

First-Year Students

											Reference Group				
		Me	an Stati	stics			ution S		s	Comparison Statistics					
							ercentile			Deg. of	Mean		Effect		
		Mean	SD b	SEM °	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Freedom e	Diff.	Sig. f	size ^g		
LEVEL OF ACADEMIC CH	ALLENGE (LA	AC)													
USC Aiken	(N = 275)	55.1	12.6	.8	32	48	55	64	74						
Southeast Public		52.8	13.7	.1	30	44	53	62	75	278	2.3	.003	.17		
Carnegie Class		53.8	13.9	.1	31	44	54	64	76	286	1.3	.085	.10		
NSSE 2010		54.1	13.6	.0	32	45	54	64	76	249,749	1.0	.204	.08		
Top 50%		57.2	13.1	.0	35	48	57	67	78	95,700	-2.1	.008	16		
Top 10%		60.5	12.9	.1	38	52	61	70	80	19,142	-5.4	.000	42		
ACTIVE AND COLLABORA	ATIVE LEARN	ING (A	CL)												
USC Aiken	(N = 280)	42.5	16.9	1.0	19	29	43	52	75						
Southeast Public		42.9	17.3	.1	19	29	43	52	73	56,156	4	.720	02		
Carnegie Class		46.3	17.2	.1	19	33	43	57	76	17,244	-3.8	.000	22		
NSSE 2010		43.7	16.8	.0	19	33	43	52	72	270,458	-1.2	.246	07		
Top 50%		48.1	17.0	.1	24	38	48	57	76	85,910	-5.5	.000	33		
Top 10%		52.2	17.8	.1	24	38	52	62	83	15,596	-9.7	.000	55		
STUDENT-FACULTY INTE	RACTION (SF	I)													
USC Aiken	(N = 276)	37.1	18.8	1.1	11	22	33	50	72						
Southeast Public		35.4	18.9	.1	11	22	33	44	72	52,353	1.7	.128	.09		
Carnegie Class		38.3	19.4	.2	11	22	33	50	78	16,099	-1.2	.304	06		
NSSE 2010		35.2	18.6	.0	11	22	33	44	72	252,816	1.9	.089	.10		
Top 50%		39.9	19.6	.1	11	28	39	50	78	70,520	-2.8	.017	14		
Top 10%		44.1	21.5	.2	11	28	44	56	83	291	-7.0	.000	33		
ENRICHING EDUCATIONA	AL EXPERIEN	CES (EI	EE)												
USC Aiken	(N = 269)	29.1	14.4	.9	8	19	28	37	56						
Southeast Public		27.5	13.7	.1	8	18	26	36	51	50,339	1.6	.055	.12		
Carnegie Class		28.0	14.2	.1	8	18	26	36	53	15,370	1.0	.241	.07		
NSSE 2010		27.9	13.5	.0	8	18	26	36	51	243,514	1.2	.146	.09		
Top 50%		31.1	13.6	.0	11	22	30	40	54	100,856	-2.0	.016	15		
Top 10%		33.6	14.0	.1	12	23	33	42	57	25,039	-4.6	.000	33		
SUPPORTIVE CAMPUS EN	VIRONMENT	(SCE)													
USC Aiken	(N = 266)	69.6	16.7	1.0	42	58	69	81	97						
Southeast Public		62.1	19.0	.1	31	50	61	75	94	269	7.5	.000	.39		
Carnegie Class		64.0	19.4	.2	31	50	64	78	94	279	5.6	.000	.29		
NSSE 2010		62.5	18.8	.0	31	50	64	75	94	266	7.1	.000	.38		
Top 50%		67.2	18.0	.1	36	56	67	81	97	67,601	2.4	.034	.13		
Top 10%		70.8	17.9	.2	39	58	72	83	100	11,605	-1.2	.277	07		

^a All statistics are weighted by gender and enrollment status. Comparison group statistics are also weighted by institutional size.

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^b Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c Standard Error of the Mean: Use SEM to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI is the range of values that is

^{95%} likely to contain the true population mean, equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 * SEM.

^d A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level benchmark scores at or below which a given percentage of benchmark scores fall.

^e Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary for the total Ns due to weighting and the equal variance assumption.

f Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g Effect size is calculated by subtracting the comparison group mean from the school mean, and dividing the result by the pooled standard deviation.



NSSE 2010 Benchmark Comparisons Detailed Statistics and Effect Sizes ^a University of South Carolina Aiken

Seniors

										Reference Group				
		Mea	an Stati	stics	<u> </u>	Distrib			S	Comparison Statistics				
							ercentile			Deg. of	Mean	£	Effect	
		Mean	SD ^b	SEM °	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Freedom e	Diff.	Sig. f	size ^g	
LEVEL OF ACADEMIC CH	ALLENGE (LA	AC)												
USC Aiken	(N = 205)	60.7	11.8	.8	39	53	62	68	79					
Southeast Public		56.5	14.4	.1	32	47	57	67	80	206	4.2	.000	.29	
Carnegie Class		57.7	14.4	.1	34	48	58	68	80	214	3.0	.000	.21	
NSSE 2010		57.5	14.4	.0	33	48	58	68	80	205	3.1	.000	.22	
Top 50%		60.9	13.7	.0	38	52	61	71	82	205	2	.795	02	
Top 10%		63.8	13.6	.1	41	55	65	73	85	210	-3.1	.000	23	
ACTIVE AND COLLABORA	ATIVE LEARN	ING (AC	CL)											
USC Aiken	(N = 210)	54.0	16.6	1.1	24	43	52	67	81					
Southeast Public		50.9	18.5	.1	24	38	50	62	83	211	3.2	.006	.17	
Carnegie Class		54.1	17.7	.1	28	43	52	67	86	14,153	.0	.984	.00	
NSSE 2010		51.4	17.7	.0	24	38	52	62	81	308,251	2.6	.031	.15	
Top 50%		56.6	17.2	.1	29	43	57	67	86	75,111	-2.6	.029	15	
Top 10%		60.3	17.9	.1	33	48	61	71	90	215	-6.3	.000	35	
STUDENT-FACULTY INTE	RACTION (SF	I)												
USC Aiken	(N = 206)	48.1	20.1	1.4	22	33	44	61	83					
Southeast Public		42.3	21.2	.1	11	28	39	56	83	64,402	5.8	.000	.27	
Carnegie Class		46.1	21.3	.2	17	28	44	61	83	13,711	2.0	.170	.10	
NSSE 2010		42.4	21.0	.0	11	28	39	56	83	296,310	5.7	.000	.27	
Top 50%		49.2	21.5	.1	17	33	47	61	89	65,130	-1.1	.454	05	
Top 10%		55.3	22.2	.2	22	39	56	72	94	216	-7.2	.000	33	
ENRICHING EDUCATIONA	AL EXPERIEN	CES (EE	EE)											
USC Aiken	(N = 205)	43.6	16.3	1.1	17	33	43	56	73					
Southeast Public		39.3	18.0	.1	11	25	39	51	71	206	4.3	.000	.24	
Carnegie Class		41.4	18.4	.2	13	28	41	54	73	213	2.1	.063	.12	
NSSE 2010		40.5	18.3	.0	12	27	40	53	72	205	3.1	.008	.17	
Top 50%		47.7	18.0	.1	18	35	48	60	77	205	-4.1	.000	23	
Top 10%		55.8	17.3	.1	25	44	57	68	83	13,638	-12.2	.000	71	
SUPPORTIVE CAMPUS EN	VIRONMENT	(SCE)												
USC Aiken	(N = 203)	67.8	19.7	1.4	33	56	69	81	94					
Southeast Public		59.0	19.7	.1	25	44	58	72	92	61,429	8.7	.000	.44	
Carnegie Class		62.6	19.6	.2	31	50	64	78	94	13,158	5.1	.000	.26	
NSSE 2010		59.6	19.3	.0	28	47	61	72	92	283,261	8.2	.000	.42	
Top 50%		64.7	18.9	.1	33	53	67	78	94	75,326	3.1	.020	.16	
Top 10%		68.6	18.5	.2	36	56	69	83	100	10,063	8	.528	04	

^a All statistics are weighted by gender and enrollment status. Comparison group statistics are also weighted by institutional size.

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^b Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

 $[^]c$ Standard Error of the Mean: Use SEM to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI is the range of values that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean, equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 * SEM.

^d A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level benchmark scores at or below which a given percentage of benchmark scores fall.

^e Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary for the total Ns due to weighting and the equal variance assumption.

f Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g Effect size is calculated by subtracting the comparison group mean from the school mean, and dividing the result by the pooled standard deviation.